Multivibrators

Unclassified

4 Hour Conference, W/ 5 Hr PE1

Safety & Environmental Impact is "LOW"

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Ferminal Learning Objective

ACTION:

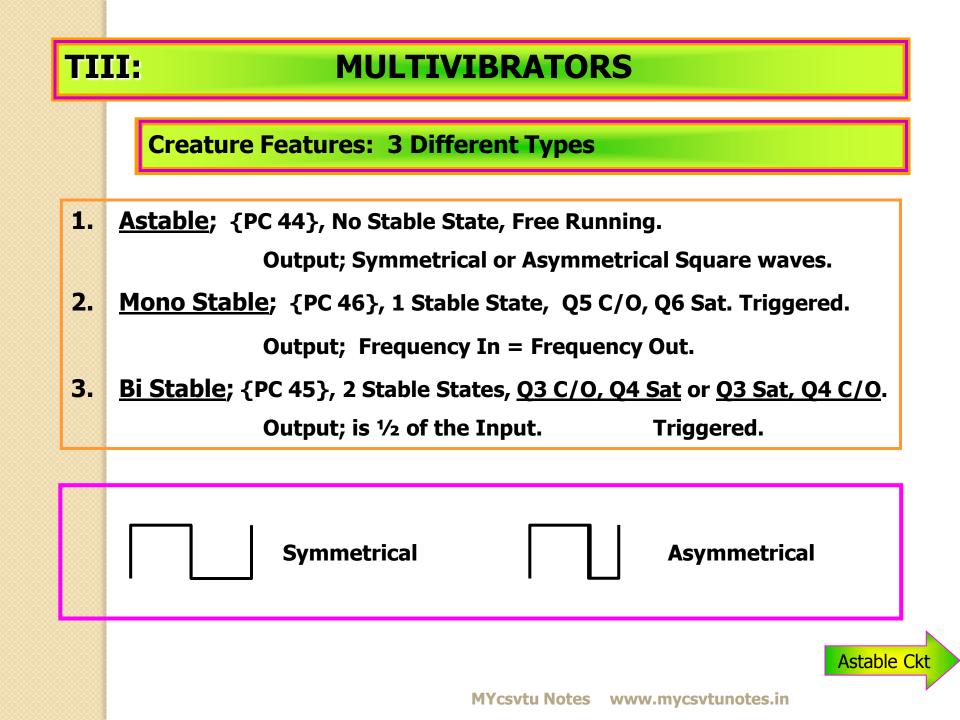
Given schematic diagrams & Ckt operational concepts of the Astable, Monostable, & Bistable Multivibrator answer all Questions

CONDITION: W/O Reference.

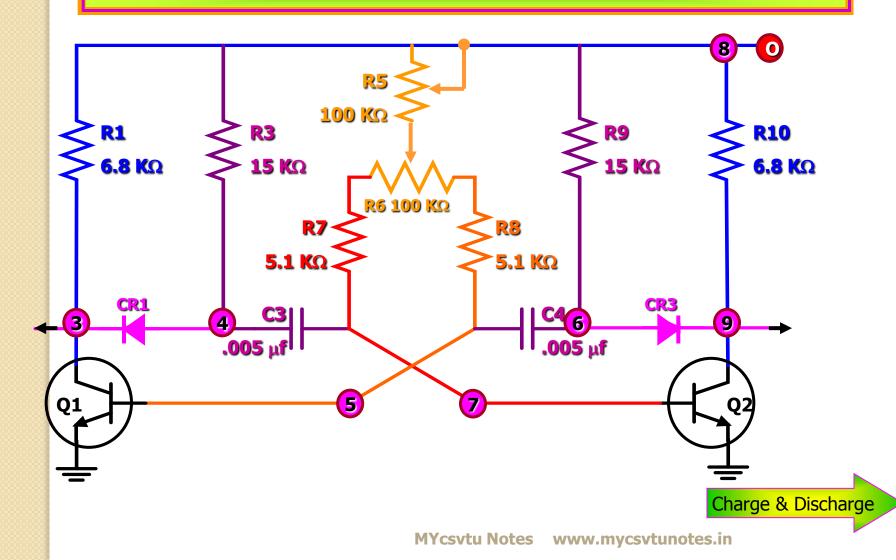
STANDARD: A minimum accuracy of 70%.

Introduction

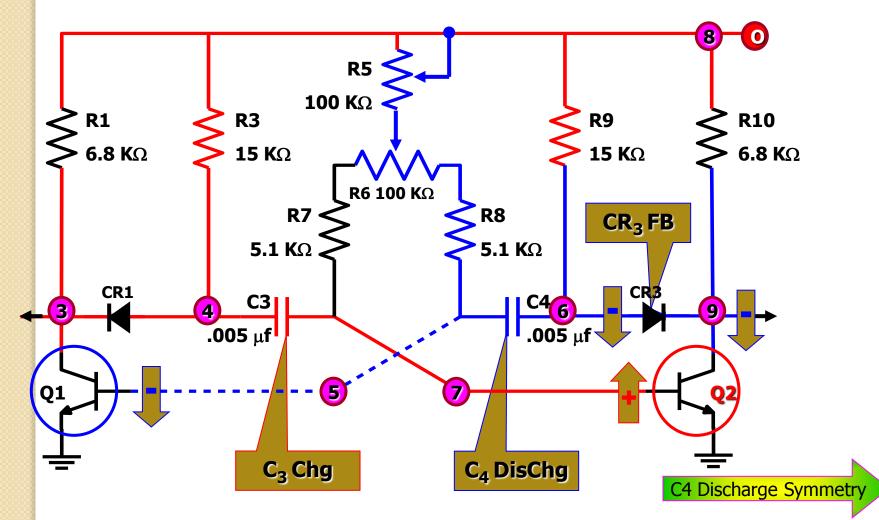
You have covered two types of Ckts in this block thus far, the Sinewave & Blocking Oscillators, each w/ there own distinctive outputs. The Third type of Ckt covered will be 3 different multivibrator, each is similar but distinctively different, and in their peculiarity is suited for a specific application in a circuit.



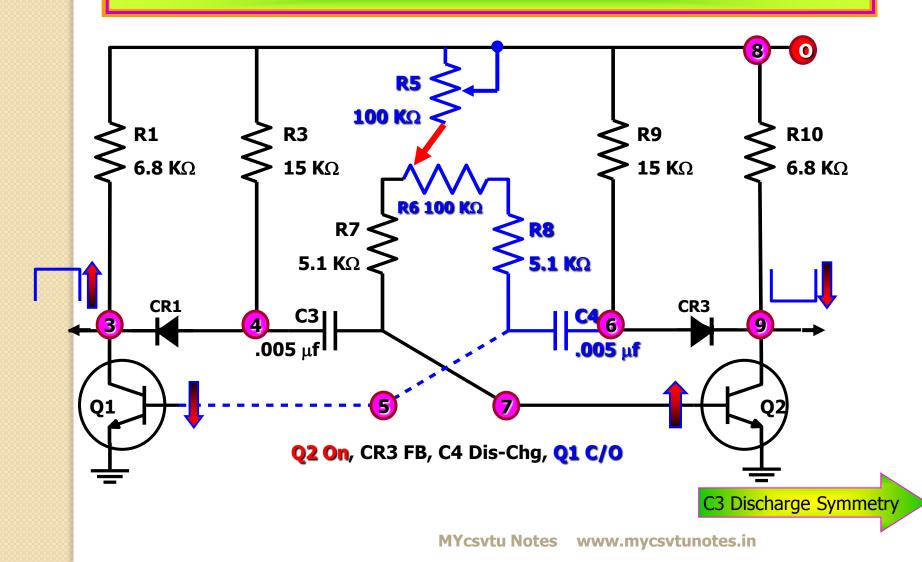
Astable PC44: Circuits & Components



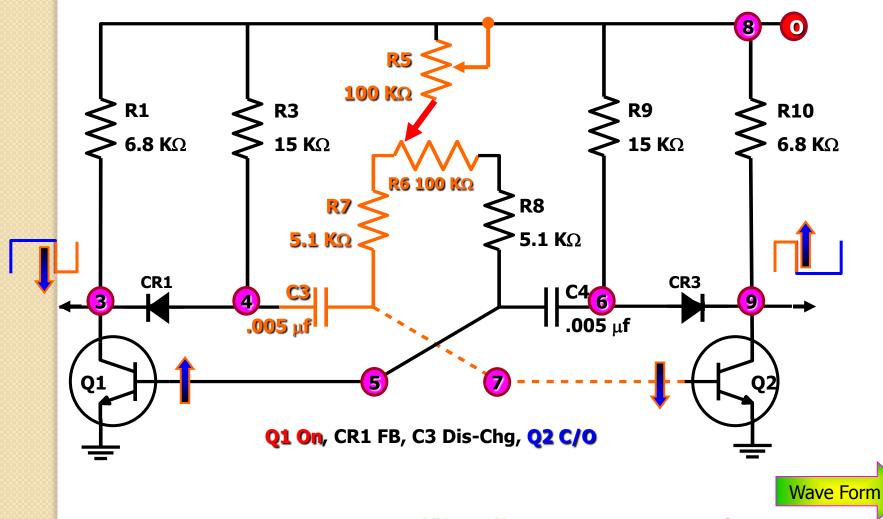
Astable PC44: Q₂ on, C₃ Charge, C₄ Discharge, Q₁ C/O.



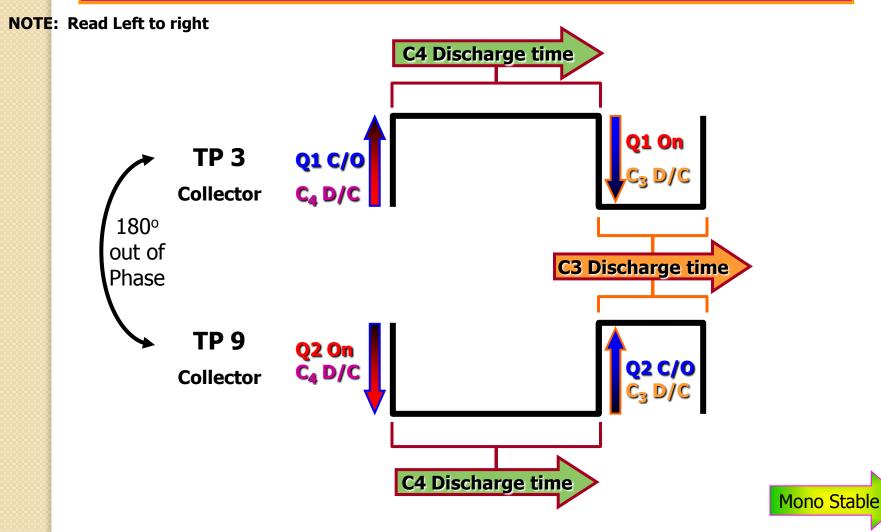
Astable PC44: Symmetry control, C4 Discharge.

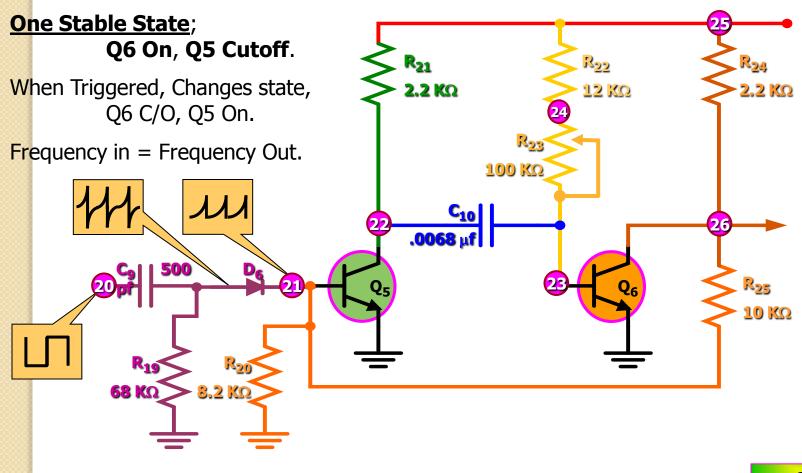


Astable PC44: Symmetry control, C3 Discharge.



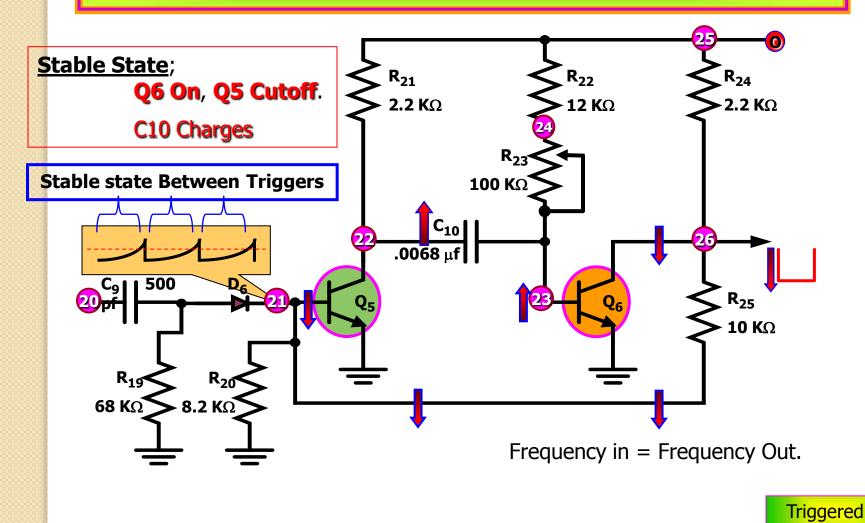
Astable PC44: Wave Form Analysis @ TP 3 & 9





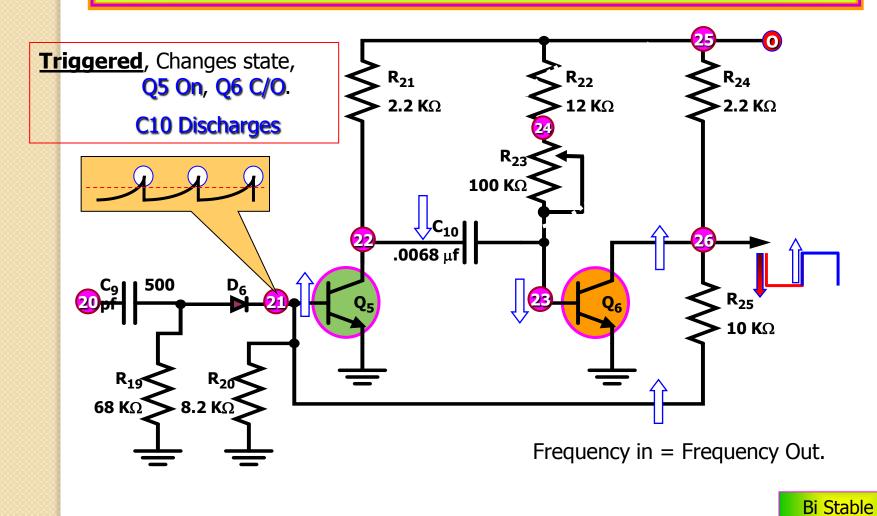
Ops

Mono Stable PC46: Ops, Stable State.

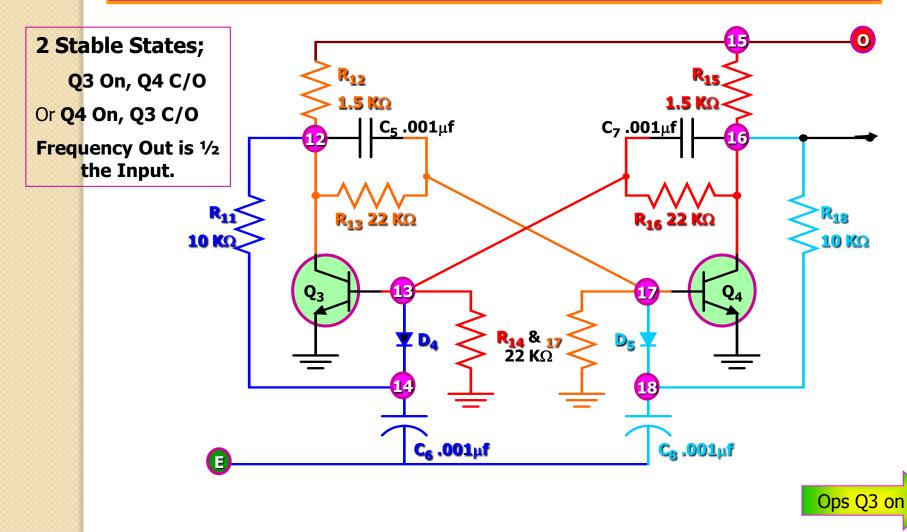


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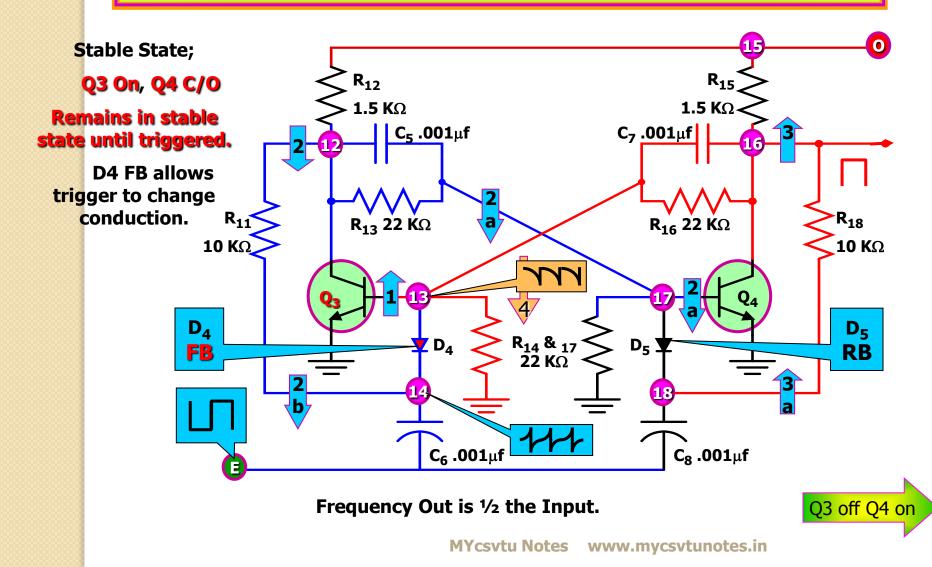
Mono Stable PC46: Ops, Triggered.



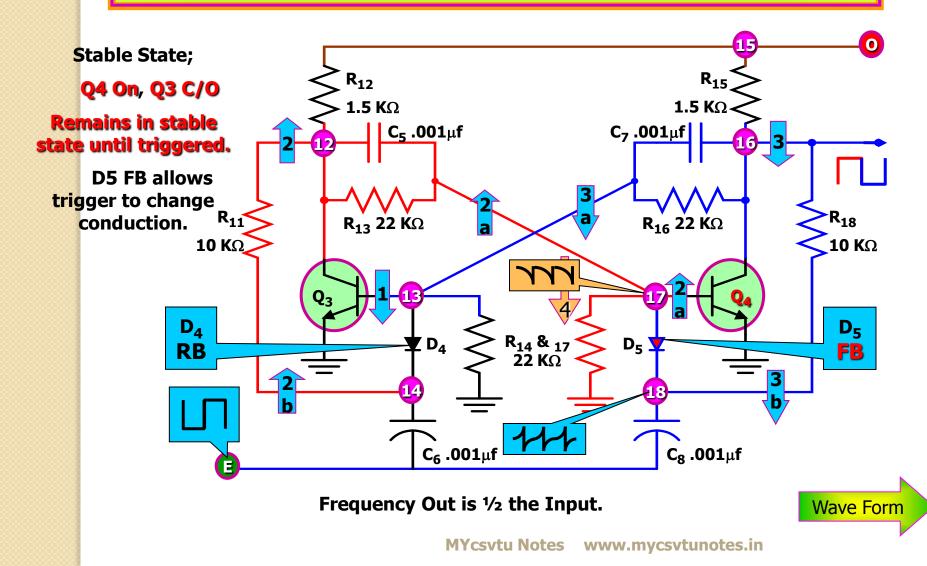
Bi Stable PC45: Circuits & Components.



Bi Stable PC45: Ops, Q3 on Q4 off.



Bi Stable PC45: Ops, Q4 on Q3 off.



Bi Stable PC45: Wave Form Analysis @ TP 16

Stable State;

Q3 On, Q4 C/O

Remains in stable state until triggered.

D4 FB allows trigger to change conduction.

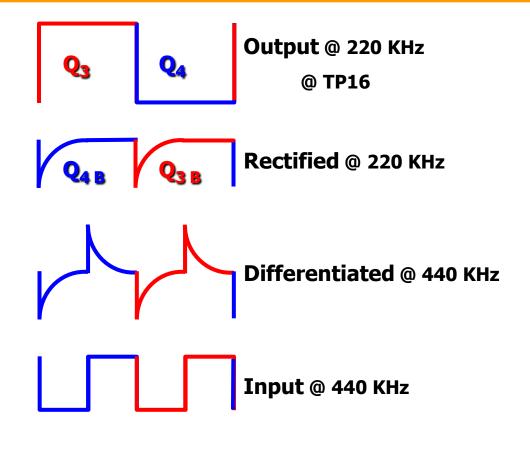
Stable State;

Q4 On, Q3 C/O

Remains in stable state until triggered.

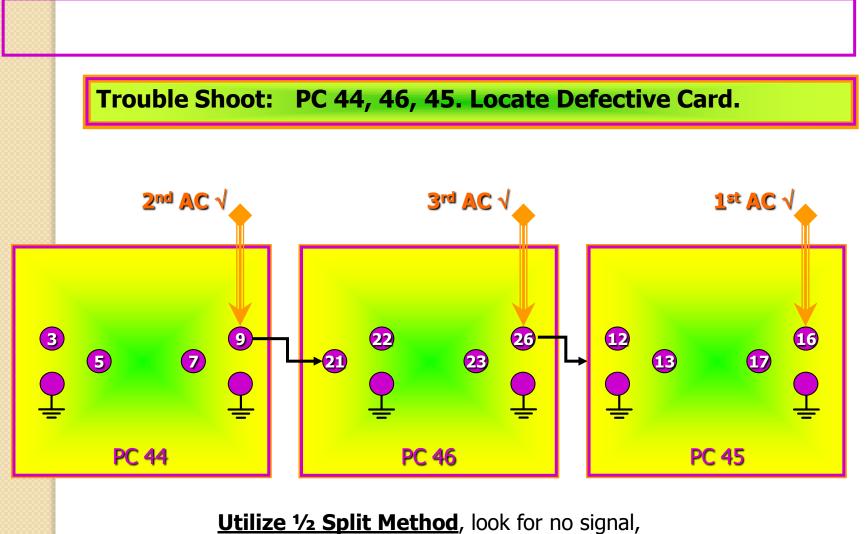
D5 FB allows trigger to change conduction.

Read Signals: Left to Right



Frequency Out is 1/2 the Input.

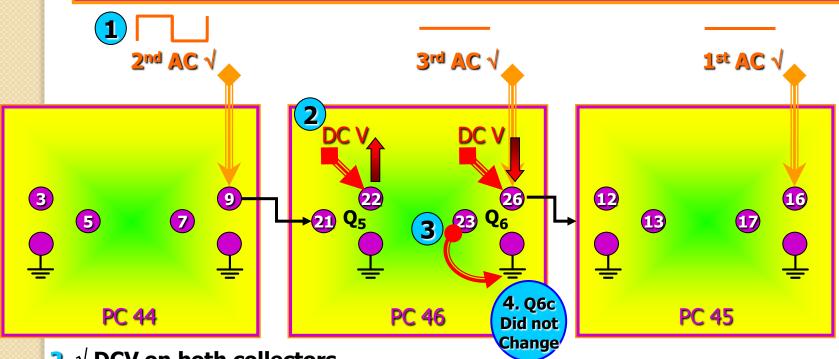
Trouble Shoot



distorted signal or wrong frequency.

Ground Base

Trouble Shoot: PC 46 Defective Card. Locate the Stage.

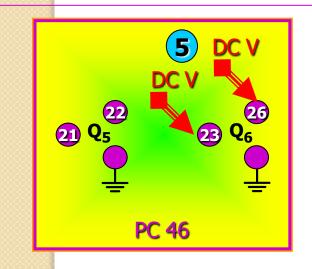


- **2**. $\sqrt{\text{DCV}}$ on both collectors.
- **3.** GND the Base of the transistor w/the lowest Collector Voltage.

4. Re $\sqrt{\text{DCV}}$ on both collectors, the collector that <u>Did Not Change</u> is the defective transistor Stage.



Trouble Shoot: PC 46 Card, Q6 Stage,



4. <u>REMOVE</u> Grounded Base Jumper Wire.

5. Do DCV $\sqrt{}$

- **6.** Do Ohms confirmation $\sqrt{}$.
- **7. R**ecord your results.

Ground Base Method

- **1.** AC \sqrt{s} , Locate Defective Card.
- **2.** $\sqrt{\text{DCV}}$ on both Collectors.
- 3. Gnd the Base of the transistor w/the lowest collector voltage.
- 4. Re $\sqrt{\text{DCV}}$ on both collectors.
- 5. The <u>Collector</u> W/DCV that <u>Did Not</u> <u>change</u>, that stage is malfunctioning.
- 6. Remove the Gnd jumper from the Base.
- **7.** Do Normal DCV \sqrt{s} & Ohms Confirmation.

Review Questions

Review Questions:

- . What does the term "Astable" mean?
- 2. Which components determine the "OFF" time of Q1 on PC 44 card.
- 3. What type of output is produced by the Astable multivibrator?
 - a. Sawtooth
 - b. Sinewave
 - c. Squarewave
 - d. Differentiated waveform
- 4. Which components determine the output frequency of the Astable multivibrator.
- 5. What is the phase relationship of the signal @ TP3 to that of the signal @ TP9 of PC 44?
- 6. How many stable conditions does PC 46 have?

Review Questions

	Review Questions:
7.	In the stable state, what are the conditions of Q5 and Q6?
8.	What determines the output frequency of the Monostable multivibrator.
9.	With C10 open, what is the condition of Q5 & Q6 ?
10.	With the Positive Pulse applied, what is the condition of Q5 & Q6 ?
11.	Which components determines the pulse width produced by PC 46 ?
12.	The Bistable multivibrator has stable states or conditions.
13.	Diodes CR4 & 5 are called when used in the Bistable multivibrator.
14.	What effect does the Bistable multivibrator circuit have on the input frequency?
15.	In order for CR4 to be forward biased, what must be the condition of Q4?

Review Questions:

- 16. How many input triggers are required for one complete cycle of operation for PC45?
- 17. An Astable multivibrator is a form of
- 18 Refer to PC 44, what is the conduction level of Q1 & Q2 with Q2 Base open ?
- 19. What is the discharge path for C10 ?
- 20. Refer to PC 45; what would be the indication if Q4 was shorted collector to emitter?
 - a. TP16 would be high
 - b. TP17 would be high
 - c. Q3 would saturate
 - d. CR5 would be reverse biased

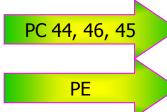


Lesson Test:

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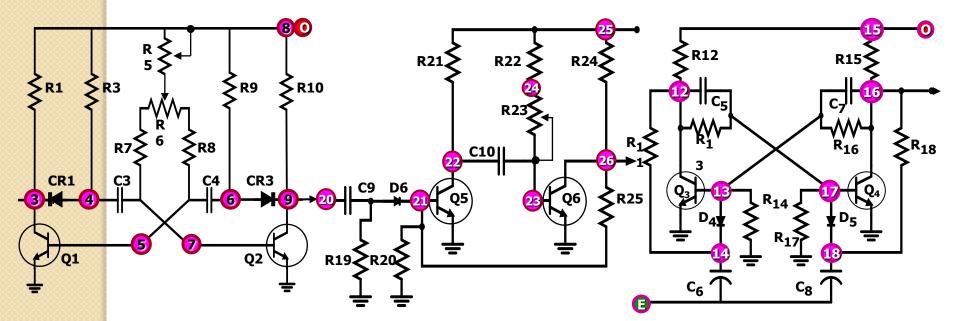
Standard: 10 Questions W/in 20 Minutes. 70% Minimum Accuracy.

Reference: None.



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PC 44, 46, 45:



PE